

HOUSE BILL No. 1022

DIGEST OF HB 1022 (Updated January 12, 2016 1:00 pm - DI 87)

Citations Affected: IC 5-14; IC 21-17; IC 34-30.

Synopsis: Private university police departments. Provides that certain records of a private university police department relating to arrests or incarcerations for criminal offenses are public records. Allows a private university police department to withhold investigatory records. Provides that an educational institution, a governing board of an educational institution, and an individual employed by the educational institution as a police officer have the same immunities of the state or state police officers with regard to activities related to law enforcement.

Effective: July 1, 2016.

Bauer, Cox, Harman

January 5, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform.

January 13, 2016, reported — Do Pass.



Second Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1022

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 5-14-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.248-2013,

2	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1,2016]: Sec. 2. (a) The definitions set forth in this section apply
4	throughout this chapter.
5	(b) "Copy" includes transcribing by handwriting, photocopying,
6	xerography, duplicating machine, duplicating electronically stored data
7	onto a disk, tape, drum, or any other medium of electronic data storage,
8	and reproducing by any other means.
9	(c) "Criminal intelligence information" means data that has been
10	evaluated to determine that the data is relevant to:
11	(1) the identification of; and
12	(2) the criminal activity engaged in by;
13	an individual who or organization that is reasonably suspected of
14	involvement in criminal activity.
15	(d) "Direct cost" means one hundred five percent (105%) of the sum
16	of the cost of:

(1) the initial development of a program, if any;



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(2) the labor required to retrieve electronically stored data; and

2	(3) any medium used for electronic output;
3	for providing a duplicate of electronically stored data onto a disk, tape
4	drum, or other medium of electronic data retrieval under section 8(g)
5	of this chapter, or for reprogramming a computer system under section
6	6(c) of this chapter.
7	(e) "Electronic map" means copyrighted data provided by a public
8	agency from an electronic geographic information system.
9	(f) "Enhanced access" means the inspection of a public record by a
10	person other than a governmental entity and that:
11	(1) is by means of an electronic device other than an electronic
12	device provided by a public agency in the office of the public
13	agency; or
14	(2) requires the compilation or creation of a list or report that does
15	not result in the permanent electronic storage of the information.
16	(g) "Facsimile machine" means a machine that electronically
17	transmits exact images through connection with a telephone network
18	(h) "Inspect" includes the right to do the following:
19	(1) Manually transcribe and make notes, abstracts, or memoranda
20	(2) In the case of tape recordings or other aural public records, to
21	listen and manually transcribe or duplicate, or make notes,
22	abstracts, or other memoranda from them.
23	(3) In the case of public records available:
24	(A) by enhanced access under section 3.5 of this chapter; or
25	(B) to a governmental entity under section 3(c)(2) of this
26	chapter;
27	to examine and copy the public records by use of an electronic
28	device.
29	(4) In the case of electronically stored data, to manually transcribe
30	and make notes, abstracts, or memoranda or to duplicate the data
31	onto a disk, tape, drum, or any other medium of electronic
32	storage.
33	(i) "Investigatory record" means information compiled in the course
34	of the investigation of a crime.
35	(j) "Offender" means a person confined in a penal institution as the
36	result of the conviction for a crime.
37	(k) "Patient" has the meaning set out in IC 16-18-2-272(d).
38	(l) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability
39	company, a partnership, an unincorporated association, or a
40	governmental entity.

(m) "Private university police department" means the police officers appointed by the governing board of a private university



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1 under IC 21-17-5. 2 (m) (n) "Provider" has the meaning set out in IC 16-18-2-295(b) and 3 includes employees of the state department of health or local boards of 4 health who create patient records at the request of another provider or 5 who are social workers and create records concerning the family 6 background of children who may need assistance. 7 (n) (o) "Public agency", except as provided in section 2.1 of this 8 chapter, means the following: 9 (1) Any board, commission, department, division, bureau, committee, agency, office, instrumentality, or authority, by 10 whatever name designated, exercising any part of the executive, 11 12 administrative, judicial, or legislative power of the state. 13 (2) Any: 14 (A) county, township, school corporation, city, or town, or any 15 board, commission, department, division, bureau, committee, 16 office, instrumentality, or authority of any county, township, school corporation, city, or town; 17 18 (B) political subdivision (as defined by IC 36-1-2-13); or 19 (C) other entity, or any office thereof, by whatever name 20 designated, exercising in a limited geographical area the 21 executive, administrative, judicial, or legislative power of the 22 state or a delegated local governmental power. 23 (3) Any entity or office that is subject to: 24 (A) budget review by either the department of local 25 government finance or the governing body of a county, city, 26 town, township, or school corporation; or 27 (B) an audit by the state board of accounts that is required by 28 statute, rule, or regulation. 29 (4) Any building corporation of a political subdivision that issues 30 bonds for the purpose of constructing public facilities. 31 (5) Any advisory commission, committee, or body created by 32 statute, ordinance, or executive order to advise the governing 33 body of a public agency, except medical staffs or the committees 34 of any such staff. 35 (6) Any law enforcement agency, which means an agency or a 36 department of any level of government that engages in the 37 investigation, apprehension, arrest, or prosecution of alleged 38 criminal offenders, such as the state police department, the police 39 or sheriff's department of a political subdivision, prosecuting 40 attorneys, members of the excise police division of the alcohol

and tobacco commission, conservation officers of the department

of natural resources, gaming agents of the Indiana gaming



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1	commission, gaming control officers of the Indiana gaming
2	commission, and the security division of the state lottery
3	commission.
4	(7) Any license branch staffed by employees of the bureau of
5	motor vehicles commission under IC 9-16.
6	(8) The state lottery commission established by IC 4-30-3-1,
7	including any department, division, or office of the commission.
8	(9) The Indiana gaming commission established under IC 4-33,
9	including any department, division, or office of the commission.
10	(10) The Indiana horse racing commission established by IC 4-31,
11	including any department, division, or office of the commission.
12	(11) A private university police department. The term does
13	not include the governing board of a private university or any
14	other department, division, board, entity, or office of a private
15	university.
16	(o) (p) "Public record" means any writing, paper, report, study, map,
17	photograph, book, card, tape recording, or other material that is
18	created, received, retained, maintained, or filed by or with a public
19	agency and which is generated on paper, paper substitutes,
20	photographic media, chemically based media, magnetic or machine
21	readable media, electronically stored data, or any other material,
22	regardless of form or characteristics.
23 24 25	(p) (q) "Standard-sized documents" includes all documents that can
24	be mechanically reproduced (without mechanical reduction) on paper
	sized eight and one-half (8 1/2) inches by eleven (11) inches or eight
26	and one-half $(8 1/2)$ inches by fourteen (14) inches.
27	(q) (r) "Trade secret" has the meaning set forth in IC 24-2-3-2.
28	(r) (s) "Work product of an attorney" means information compiled
29	by an attorney in reasonable anticipation of litigation. The term
30	includes the attorney's:
31	(1) notes and statements taken during interviews of prospective
32	witnesses; and
33	(2) legal research or records, correspondence, reports, or
34	memoranda to the extent that each contains the attorney's
35	opinions, theories, or conclusions.
36	This definition does not restrict the application of any exception under
37	section 4 of this chapter.
38	SECTION 2. IC 5-14-3-2.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
39	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
10	1, 2016]: Sec. 2.2. (a) The following records of a private university
11	police department are public records and subject to this chapter:

(1) A record created or received after July 1, 2016, by a



1	private university police department, to the extent the record:
2	(A) is created solely for a law enforcement purpose; and
3	(B) relates to arrests or incarcerations for criminal
4	offenses.
5	(2) A record that is created in compliance with 20 U.S.C. 1092
6	and 34 CFR 668, to the extent that public access is required
7	under federal law.
8	(b) If a request for a private university police department
9	record is denied under section 3 of this chapter, a civil action may
10	be filed under section 9 of this chapter and the court may assess a
11	civil penalty under section 9.5 of this chapter.
12	SECTION 3. IC 5-14-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.181-2015,
13	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) The following public records are excepted
15	from section 3 of this chapter and may not be disclosed by a public
16	agency, unless access to the records is specifically required by a state
17	or federal statute or is ordered by a court under the rules of discovery:
18	(1) Those declared confidential by state statute.
19	(2) Those declared confidential by rule adopted by a public
20	agency under specific authority to classify public records as
21	confidential granted to the public agency by statute.
22	(3) Those required to be kept confidential by federal law.
23	(4) Records containing trade secrets.
24	(5) Confidential financial information obtained, upon request
25	from a person. However, this does not include information that is
26	filed with or received by a public agency pursuant to state statute.
27	(6) Information concerning research, including actual research
28	documents, conducted under the auspices of a state educational
29	institution, including information:
30	(A) concerning any negotiations made with respect to the
31	research; and
32	(B) received from another party involved in the research.
33	(7) Grade transcripts and license examination scores obtained as
34	part of a licensure process.
35	(8) Those declared confidential by or under rules adopted by the
36	supreme court of Indiana.
37	(9) Patient medical records and charts created by a provider
38	unless the patient gives written consent under IC 16-39 or as
39	provided under IC 16-41-8.
40	(10) Application information declared confidential by the board
41	of the Indiana economic development corporation under
42	IC 5-28-16.



1	(11) A photograph, a video recording, or an audio recording of an
2	autopsy, except as provided in IC 36-2-14-10.
3	(12) A Social Security number contained in the records of a
4	public agency.
5	(13) The following information that is part of a foreclosure action
6	subject to IC 32-30-10.5:
7	(A) Contact information for a debtor, as described in
8	IC 32-30-10.5-8(d)(1)(B).
9	(B) Any document submitted to the court as part of the debtor's
10	loss mitigation package under IC 32-30-10.5-10(a)(3).
11	(14) The following information obtained from a call made to a
12	fraud hotline established under IC 36-1-8-8.5:
13	(A) The identity of any individual who makes a call to the
14	fraud hotline.
15	(B) A report, transcript, audio recording, or other information
16	concerning a call to the fraud hotline.
17	However, records described in this subdivision may be disclosed
18	to a law enforcement agency, a private university police
19	department, the attorney general, the inspector general, the state
20	examiner, or a prosecuting attorney.
21	(b) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (a), the following
22	public records shall be excepted from section 3 of this chapter at the
23	discretion of a public agency:
24	(1) Investigatory records of law enforcement agencies or private
25	university police departments. Law enforcement agencies or
26	private university police departments may share investigatory
27	records with a person who advocates on behalf of a crime victim,
28	including a victim advocate (as defined in IC 35-37-6-3.5) or a
29	victim service provider (as defined in IC 35-37-6-5), for the
30	purposes of providing services to a victim or describing services
31	that may be available to a victim, without the law enforcement
32	agency or private university police department losing its
33	discretion to keep those records confidential from other records
34	requesters. However, certain law enforcement records must be
35	made available for inspection and copying as provided in section
36	5 of this chapter.
37	(2) The work product of an attorney representing, pursuant to
38	state employment or an appointment by a public agency:
39	(A) a public agency;
40	(D) 41 4-4-1 - 1
	(B) the state; or
41 42	(B) the state; or (C) an individual. (3) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used



1	in administering a licensing examination, examination for
2	employment, or academic examination before the examination is
3	given or if it is to be given again.
4	(4) Scores of tests if the person is identified by name and has not
5	consented to the release of the person's scores.
6	(5) The following:
7	(A) Records relating to negotiations between the Indiana
8	economic development corporation, the ports of Indiana, the
9	Indiana state department of agriculture, the Indiana finance
10	authority, an economic development commission, a local
11	economic development organization (as defined in
12	IC 5-28-11-2(3)), or a governing body of a political
13	subdivision with industrial, research, or commercial prospects,
14	if the records are created while negotiations are in progress.
15	(B) Notwithstanding clause (A), the terms of the final offer of
16	public financial resources communicated by the Indiana
17	economic development corporation, the ports of Indiana, the
18	Indiana finance authority, an economic development
19	commission, or a governing body of a political subdivision to
20	an industrial, a research, or a commercial prospect shall be
21	available for inspection and copying under section 3 of this
22	chapter after negotiations with that prospect have terminated.
23	(C) When disclosing a final offer under clause (B), the Indiana
24	economic development corporation shall certify that the
25	information being disclosed accurately and completely
26	represents the terms of the final offer.
27	(D) Notwithstanding clause (A), an incentive agreement with
28	an incentive recipient shall be available for inspection and
29	copying under section 3 of this chapter after the date the
30	incentive recipient and the Indiana economic development
31	corporation execute the incentive agreement regardless of
32	whether negotiations are in progress with the recipient after
33	that date regarding a modification or extension of the incentive
34	agreement.
35	(6) Records that are intra-agency or interagency advisory or
36	deliberative material, including material developed by a private
37	contractor under a contract with a public agency, that are
38	expressions of opinion or are of a speculative nature, and that are
39	communicated for the purpose of decision making.
40	(7) Diaries, journals, or other personal notes serving as the
41	functional equivalent of a diary or journal.
42	(8) Personnel files of public employees and files of applicants for



1	public employment, except for:
2	(A) the name, compensation, job title, business address,
3	business telephone number, job description, education and
4	training background, previous work experience, or dates of
5	first and last employment of present or former officers or
6	employees of the agency;
7	(B) information relating to the status of any formal charges
8	against the employee; and
9	(C) the factual basis for a disciplinary action in which final
10	action has been taken and that resulted in the employee being
11	suspended, demoted, or discharged.
12	However, all personnel file information shall be made available
13	to the affected employee or the employee's representative. This
14	subdivision does not apply to disclosure of personnel information
15	generally on all employees or for groups of employees without the
16	request being particularized by employee name.
17	(9) Minutes or records of hospital medical staff meetings.
18	(10) Administrative or technical information that would
19	jeopardize a record keeping or security system.
20	(11) Computer programs, computer codes, computer filing
21	systems, and other software that are owned by the public agency
22	or entrusted to it and portions of electronic maps entrusted to a
23	public agency by a utility.
23 24 25 26	(12) Records specifically prepared for discussion or developed
25	during discussion in an executive session under IC 5-14-1.5-6.1.
26	However, this subdivision does not apply to that information
27	required to be available for inspection and copying under
28	subdivision (8).
29	(13) The work product of the legislative services agency under
30	personnel rules approved by the legislative council.
31	(14) The work product of individual members and the partisan
32	staffs of the general assembly.
33	(15) The identity of a donor of a gift made to a public agency if:
34	(A) the donor requires nondisclosure of the donor's identity as
35	a condition of making the gift; or
36	(B) after the gift is made, the donor or a member of the donor's
37	family requests nondisclosure.
38	(16) Library or archival records:
39	(A) which can be used to identify any library patron; or
10	(B) deposited with or acquired by a library upon a condition
1 1	that the records be disclosed only:
12	(i) to qualified researchers;



1	(ii) after the passing of a period of years that is specified in
2	the documents under which the deposit or acquisition is
3	made; or
4	(iii) after the death of persons specified at the time of the
5	acquisition or deposit.
6	However, nothing in this subdivision shall limit or affect contracts
7	entered into by the Indiana state library pursuant to IC 4-1-6-8.
8	(17) The identity of any person who contacts the bureau of motor
9	vehicles concerning the ability of a driver to operate a motor
10	vehicle safely and the medical records and evaluations made by
11	the bureau of motor vehicles staff or members of the driver
12	licensing medical advisory board regarding the ability of a driver
13	to operate a motor vehicle safely. However, upon written request
14	to the commissioner of the bureau of motor vehicles, the driver
15	must be given copies of the driver's medical records and
16	evaluations.
17	(18) School safety and security measures, plans, and systems,
18	including emergency preparedness plans developed under 511
19	IAC 6.1-2-2.5.
20	(19) A record or a part of a record, the public disclosure of which
21	would have a reasonable likelihood of threatening public safety
22	by exposing a vulnerability to terrorist attack. A record described
23 24 25	under this subdivision includes:
24	(A) a record assembled, prepared, or maintained to prevent,
25	mitigate, or respond to an act of terrorism under IC 35-47-12-1
26	or an act of agricultural terrorism under IC 35-47-12-2;
27	(B) vulnerability assessments;
28	(C) risk planning documents;
29	(D) needs assessments;
30	(E) threat assessments;
31	(F) intelligence assessments;
32	(G) domestic preparedness strategies;
33	(H) the location of community drinking water wells and
34	surface water intakes;
35	(I) the emergency contact information of emergency
36	responders and volunteers;
37	(J) infrastructure records that disclose the configuration of
38	critical systems such as communication, electrical, ventilation,
39	water, and wastewater systems;
40	(K) detailed drawings or specifications of structural elements,
41	floor plans, and operating, utility, or security systems, whether
42	in paper or electronic form, of any building or facility located



1	on an airport (as defined in IC 8-21-1-1) that is owned,
2	occupied, leased, or maintained by a public agency. A record
3	described in this clause may not be released for public
4	inspection by any public agency without the prior approval of
5	the public agency that owns, occupies, leases, or maintains the
6	airport. The public agency that owns, occupies, leases, or
7	maintains the airport:
8	(i) is responsible for determining whether the public
9	disclosure of a record or a part of a record has a reasonable
10	likelihood of threatening public safety by exposing a
11	vulnerability to terrorist attack; and
12	(ii) must identify a record described under item (i) and
13	clearly mark the record as "confidential and not subject to
14	public disclosure under IC 5-14-3-4(b)(19)(J) without
15	approval of (insert name of submitting public agency)"; and
16	(L) the home address, home telephone number, and emergency
17	contact information for any:
18	(i) emergency management worker (as defined in
19	IC 10-14-3-3);
20	(ii) public safety officer (as defined in IC 35-47-4.5-3);
21	(iii) emergency medical responder (as defined in
22	IC 16-18-2-109.8); or
23	(iv) advanced emergency medical technician (as defined in
24	IC 16-18-2-6.5).
25	This subdivision does not apply to a record or portion of a record
26	pertaining to a location or structure owned or protected by a
27	public agency in the event that an act of terrorism under
28	IC 35-47-12-1 or an act of agricultural terrorism under
29	IC 35-47-12-2 has occurred at that location or structure, unless
30	release of the record or portion of the record would have a
31	reasonable likelihood of threatening public safety by exposing a
32	vulnerability of other locations or structures to terrorist attack.
33	(20) The following personal information concerning a customer
34	of a municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1):
35	(A) Telephone number.
36	(B) Address.
37	(C) Social Security number.
38	(21) The following personal information about a complainant
39	contained in records of a law enforcement agency:
40	(A) Telephone number.
41	(B) The complainant's address. However, if the complainant's
42	address is the location of the suspected crime, infraction,



1	accident, or complaint reported, the address shall be made
2	available for public inspection and copying.
2 3	(22) Notwithstanding subdivision (8)(A), the name,
4	compensation, job title, business address, business telephone
5	number, job description, education and training background,
6	previous work experience, or dates of first employment of a law
7	enforcement officer who is operating in an undercover capacity.
8	(23) Records requested by an offender that:
9	(A) contain personal information relating to:
10	(i) a correctional officer (as defined in IC 5-10-10-1.5);
11	(ii) a law enforcement officer (as defined in
12	IC 35-31.5-2-185);
13	(iii) a judge (as defined in IC 33-38-12-3);
14	(iv) the victim of a crime; or
15	(v) a family member of a correctional officer, law
16	enforcement officer (as defined in IC 35-31.5-2-185), judge
17	(as defined in IC 33-38-12-3), or victim of a crime; or
18	(B) concern or could affect the security of a jail or correctional
19	facility.
20	(24) Information concerning an individual less than eighteen (18)
21	years of age who participates in a conference, meeting, program,
22	or activity conducted or supervised by a state educational
23	institution, including the following information regarding the
24	individual or the individual's parent or guardian:
25	(A) Name.
26	(B) Address.
27	(C) Telephone number.
28	(D) Electronic mail account address.
29	(25) Criminal intelligence information.
30	(26) The following information contained in a report of unclaimed
31	property under IC 32-34-1-26 or in a claim for unclaimed
32	property under IC 32-34-1-36:
33	(A) date of birth;
34	(B) driver's license number;
35	(C) taxpayer identification number;
36	(D) employer identification number; or
37	(E) account number.
38	(c) Nothing contained in subsection (b) shall limit or affect the right
39	of a person to inspect and copy a public record required or directed to
40	be made by any statute or by any rule of a public agency.
41	(d) Notwithstanding any other law, a public record that is classified
42	as confidential, other than a record concerning an adoption or patient



medical records, shall be made available for inspection and copying
seventy-five (75) years after the creation of that record.
(e) Only the content of a public record may form the basis for the
adoption by any public agency of a rule or procedure creating an
exception from disclosure under this section.
(f) Except as provided by law, a public agency may not adopt a rule
or procedure that creates an exception from disclosure under this
section based upon whether a public record is stored or accessed using
paper, electronic media, magnetic media, optical media, or other
information storage technology.
(g) Except as provided by law, a public agency may not adopt a rule
or procedure nor impose any costs or liabilities that impede or restrict
the reproduction or dissemination of any public record.
(h) Notwithstanding subsection (d) and section 7 of this chapter:
(1) public records subject to IC 5-15 may be destroyed only in
accordance with record retention schedules under IC 5-15; or
(2) public records not subject to IC 5-15 may be destroyed in the
ordinary course of business.
SECTION 4. IC 5-14-3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2012,
SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. (a) If a person is arrested or summoned for an
offense, the following information shall be made available for
inspection and copying:
(1) Information that identifies the person including the person's
name, age, and address.
(2) Information concerning any charges on which the arrest or
summons is based.
(3) Information relating to the circumstances of the arrest or the
issuance of the summons, such as the:
(A) time and location of the arrest or the issuance of the
summons;
(B) investigating or arresting officer (other than an undercover
officer or agent); and
(C) investigating or arresting law enforcement agency.
(b) If a person is received in a jail or lock-up, the following
information shall be made available for inspection and copying:
(1) Information that identifies the person including the person's
name, age, and address.
(2) Information concerning the reason for the person being placed
in the jail or lock-up, including the name of the person on whose
order the person is being held.
(3) The time and date that the person was received and the time



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1	and date of the person's discharge or transfer.
2	(4) The amount of the person's bail or bond, if it has been fixed.
3	(c) This subsection does not apply to a private university police
4	department, which is governed instead by subsection (d). An agency
5	shall maintain a daily log or record that lists suspected crimes,
6	accidents, or complaints, and the following information shall be made
7	available for inspection and copying:
8	(1) The time, substance, and location of all complaints or requests
9	for assistance received by the agency.
10	(2) The time and nature of the agency's response to all complaints
11	or requests for assistance.
12	(3) If the incident involves an alleged crime or infraction:
13	(A) the time, date, and location of occurrence;
14	(B) the name and age of any victim, unless the victim is a
15	victim of a crime under IC 35-42-4 or IC 35-42-3.5;
16	(C) the factual circumstances surrounding the incident; and
17	(D) a general description of any injuries, property, or weapons
18	involved.
19	The information required in this subsection shall be made available for
20	inspection and copying in compliance with this chapter. The record
21	containing the information must be created not later than twenty-four
22	(24) hours after the suspected crime, accident, or complaint has been
23	reported to the agency.
24	(d) A private university police department shall make available
25	for inspection and copying:
26	(1) information created or received after July 1, 2016, that is
27	described in subsections (a) and (b); and
28	(2) information (including the daily log):
29	(A) created in compliance with; and
30	(B) to the extent that public access is required under;
31	20 U.S.C. 1092 and 34 CFR 668.
32	(d) (e) This chapter does not affect IC 5-2-4, IC 10-13-3, or
33	IC 5-11-1-9.
34	SECTION 5. IC 21-17-5-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION
35	258, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
36	1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) Police officers appointed under this chapter have
37	the following powers:
38	(1) General police powers, including the power to arrest, without
39	process, all persons who commit any offense within the view of
40	the officer.
41	(2) The same common law and statutory powers, privileges, and
42	immunities, including the immunities listed in IC 34-13-3-3, as



1	state police officers, sheriffs, and constables. However, the
2	police officers are empowered to serve civil process only to the
3	extent authorized by the employing governing board.
4	(3) The duty to enforce and to assist the officials of the
5	educational institutions in the enforcement of the rules and
6	regulations of the educational institution.
7	(4) The duty to assist and cooperate with other law enforcement
8	agencies and law enforcement officers.
9	(b) The governing board of an educational institution employing a
10	police officer may expressly forbid the officer from exercising any
11	powers otherwise granted to the police officer by law.
12	(c) If an educational institution, governing board of an
13	educational institution, or individual employed by the educational
14	institution as a police officer acts in accordance with this chapter
15	or engages in activities related to law enforcement:
16	(1) the educational institution and the governing board of an
17	educational institution have the same common law and
18	statutory immunities granted to the state; and
19	(2) an individual employed by the educational institution as a
20	police officer has the same common law and statutory
21	immunities granted to a state police officer;
22	including the immunities listed in IC 34-13-3-3.
23	(d) A record of an educational institution's police department is
24	a public record subject to IC 5-14-3, if the record meets the
25	requirements of IC 5-14-3-2.2.
26	SECTION 6. IC 34-30-2-86.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
27	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 86.2. IC 21-17-5-4 (Concerning
29	an educational institution, an educational institution governing
30	board, and an individual employed by an educational institution as
31	a police officer regarding activities related to enforcement of the
32	law and rules and regulations of the educational institution).



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1022, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1022 as introduced.)

MAHAN

Committee Vote: Yeas 13, Nays 0

